

Ques: Show that the supremum norm on space $X = C[0,1]$ is not differentiable at any element x for which there are two or more points t in $[0,1]$ where $|x(t)| = \|x\|_x$

Soln.: Let us assume that the sup norm on $X = C[0,1]$ is fratched differentiable at an element x of $C[0,1]$ for which there are two or more points t in $[0,1]$ say t_1, t_2 with $t_1 \neq t_2$.

then \exists a bounded linear functional $A_x: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ such that

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{|\|x+h\|_x - \|x\|_x - A_x(h)|}{\|h\|_x} = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

If (1) holds for $h \rightarrow 0$, then it also holds for any sequence $\langle a_n \rangle$ in $C[0,1]$ converging to 0. So we can replace h by a_n and we will have

$$\lim_{a_n \rightarrow 0} \frac{|\|x+a_n\|_x - \|x\|_x - A_x(a_n)|}{\|a_n\|_x} = 0$$

Take $\langle a_n \rangle = \langle k_n v \rangle$ where $\langle k_n \rangle$ is sequence in $C[0,1]$ where $\langle k_n \rangle$ is a real sequence converging to 0 and v is a fixed element of $C[0,1]$.

$$v = v(t) = \frac{|t - t_2|}{\|t - t_2\|_x}$$

So, we have

$$\lim_{k_n \rightarrow 0} \frac{|\|x+k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x - A_x(k_n v)|}{\|k_n v\|_x} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{k_n \rightarrow 0} \left| \frac{\|x+k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x - k_n A_x(v)}{k_n \cdot \|v\|_x} \right| = 0 \quad \text{where } \|k_n v\|_x = |k_n| \|v\|_x$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{k_n \rightarrow 0} \left| \frac{\|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x}{k_n} - A_x(v) \right| \geq 0$$

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Case 1 $x(t_1) \geq 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Consider } \|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x &\geq |x + k_n v(t_1) - x(t_1)| \\ &= \cancel{x(t_1)} + k_n v(t_1) - \cancel{x(t_1)} \\ &= k_n \frac{|t_1 - t_2|}{\alpha} \quad \text{where } \alpha = \|t_1 - t_2\| \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x}{k_n} \geq \frac{|t_1 - t_2|}{\alpha} > 0$$

So we get

$$\liminf_{k_n \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x}{k_n} > 0 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Consider, } \|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x &\geq |x(t_2) + k_n v(t_2) - x(t_2)| \\ &= |x(t_2) - x(t_2)| = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{So } \limsup_{k_n \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x}{k_n} \leq 0 \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

From (2) and (3) we get

$$\lim_{k_n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x}{k_n} \text{ does not exist.}$$

So $A_x(v)$ is not defined which is a contradiction to existence of A_x on $(C[0,1])$ as bounded linear functional hence our assumption is wrong, "supnorm on $(C[0,1])$ is not frchet differentiable at an element x of $(C[0,1])$ for which there are 2 or more points t in $[0,1]$ s.t. $\|x\| = |x(t)|$ "

Case 2 $x(t_1) < 0$, Take $v = v(t) = -|t - t_2| / |1 - |t - t_2||$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Consider, } \|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x &\geq (-x - k_n v)(t_1) - |x(t_1)| \\ &= -x(t_1) - k_n v(t_1) + x(t_1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x}{k_n} \geq |t - t_2| > 0$$

$$\text{So } \liminf_{k_n \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x}{k_n} > 0 \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Consider, } \|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x &\geq |x(t_2) + k_n v(t_2)| - |x(t_2)| \\ &= |x(t_2)| - |x(t_2)| \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{So } \limsup_{k_n \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x}{k_n} \leq 0 \quad \text{--- (5)}$$

From (4) and (5), we get

$$\lim_{k_n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\|x + k_n v\|_x - \|x\|_x}{k_n} \text{ does not exist.}$$

So similarly we get a contradiction for existence of A_{x_1} on $C[0,1]$ as bounded linear functional and we are done!