

$$\frac{P \cdot P}{V \cdot P} = \frac{\rho u \frac{dy}{dx}}{\rho u \frac{dy}{dx}}$$

Your Roll Number: P-2109

Internal Exam

neglecting

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, UNIVERSITY OF DELHI
 M.Phil./PhD Coursework Examinations, June.2022
**MATH21-R08: HYPERBOLIC SYSTEM OF CONSERVATION
 LAWS AND BOUNDARY LAYER THEORY**

Time: 1.5 hours

Maximum Marks: 30

Instructions: • Question no. 1 is compulsory. Attempt 5 questions in all.
 • Answer ANY 4 questions from section B. • All the symbols have their usual meaning.

$$\delta = \frac{\mu U}{\rho \sqrt{U}} \sqrt{\frac{\rho U}{\mu}}$$

$$\tau_w = \mu \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_0$$

$$Re = \frac{U}{\nu} = \frac{\rho U}{\mu}$$

$$\frac{\rho U}{\mu} = \frac{\rho U}{\mu} \sqrt{\frac{\rho U}{\mu}}$$

$$\delta = \sqrt{\frac{\mu U}{\rho}}$$

Section A

(Answer all the parts)

- (a) Show that the dimensionless boundary layer thickness for a laminar flow of a viscous fluid over a flat plate of length l is inversely proportional to the square root of Reynolds number. [2 Marks]
- (b) Describe the different mode of heat transfer with necessary equations. [3 Marks]
- (c) Show that shearing stress near the wall is proportional to the $U^{\frac{3}{2}}$, where U is uniform speed. [2 Marks]
- (d) If temperature T and pressure p of a perfect gas deviate from their reference values T_{∞} and p_{∞} , then calculate the deviation in density ρ of the gas. [3 Marks]

Section B

(Answer any FOUR questions)

- (2) Write the Prandtl's boundary layer equations along with the boundary conditions for two dimensional viscous incompressible fluid flow over a slender body. Write the equations in term of stream function. [5 Marks]
- (3) Define mass and momentum thickness of a boundary layer and derive their expression. [5 Marks]
- (4) Derive the ratio of inertial force and viscous force per unit volume for steady viscous flow of an incompressible fluid and compare them in term of Reynolds number. [5 Marks]
- (5) Derive relation between Eckert's number and Mach Number. Describe Nusselt number. [3+2 Marks]
- (6) Define the adiabatic temperature increase. Prove that temperature increase through adiabatic compression is proportional to the square of free stream velocity. [5 Marks]

15 = 7

