



## Exercise



### Scatterplots

We made a plot of total murders versus population and noted a strong relationship: not surprisingly states with larger populations had more murders. You can run the code in the console to get the plot.

```
library(dslabs)
data(murders)

population_in_millions <- murders$population/10^6
total_gun_murders <- murders$total

plot(population_in_millions, total_gun_murders)
```

Note that many states have populations below 5 million and are bunched up in the plot. We may gain further insights from making this plot in the log scale.

### Instructions

100 XP

- Transform the variables using the log base 10 transformation
- Plot the log transformed total murders versus population

## script.R

[Dark Mode](#)

```
1 # Load the datasets and define some variables
2 library(dslabs)
3 data(murders)
4
5 population_in_millions <- murders$population/10^6
6 total_gun_murders <- murders$total
7
8 plot(population_in_millions, total_gun_murders)
9
10 # Transform population (not population in millions) using the log10
11 # transformation and save to object log10_population
12 log10_population<-log10(murders$population)
13 # Transform total gun murders using log10 transformation and save to object
14 # log10_total_gun_murders
15 log10_total_gun_murders<-log10(murders$total)
16 # Create a scatterplot with the log scale transformed population and murders
17 plot(log10_population,log10_total_gun_murders)
```



Run Code

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